

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.	
Daily, per week, by carrier.....	25
Daily, per month, by carrier.....	1.00
Daily, per month, by mail.....	2.00
Daily, three months, by mail.....	5.00
Daily, six months, by mail.....	9.00
Daily, one year, by mail.....	16.00
Weekly, per month.....	25
Weekly, per quarter.....	75
Weekly, per six months.....	1.00
Weekly, per year.....	2.00

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local, preferred position—Twenty-five cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

TUESDAY, JUNE 7.

The role of an artful dodger is not being carried out by Adolph Cervera with any alarming degree of success.

The Chicago newspapers have another cause for a quarrel: they are unable to agree on Joe Letter's profits in his recent wheat deals.

Dewey's victory occurred about six weeks ago and the people of Madrid have not dropped onto it yet. Verily they are somewhat slow over there in old Castile.

Major General Joe Wheeler pays no attention to the unpleasant comments in his rear. Like the good fighter that he is, he goes ahead, comments or no comments.

The 1st Nebraska infantry has been sent to the Philippine Islands; now, pray, why should not the 3rd Nebraska infantry be also sent there, even with Colonel W. Jennings Bryan in command.

The Spanish priests in the Philippine Islands say that they will remain under Spanish control. The NEW MEXICAN is extremely sorry, but it fears they will have to go.

A pessimist of the NEW MEXICAN's acquaintance says, the fair girl graduate reminds him a good deal of the asparagus. After one gets through with the head he wants no more of it or of her. Vile wretch he.

Major General Joseph Wheeler, Fitzhugh Lee and M. C. Butler of the ex-confederate armies are wearing the uniform of the same grade of the Federal army very gracefully. The war between the states closed 33 years ago.

Admiral Cervera thinks that he would be very happy in Santiago de Cuba harbor with Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley's fleets out of the way. This paper fully agrees with the doughty Spanish naval commander.

Clean, good and able men should be nominated by the Republicans in this territory for legislative and county offices during the coming campaign. With such nominees the party will score a glorious victory in November next.

The War department should bear in mind that New Mexico is ready and willing, aye, anxious, under the president's second call, to furnish a battalion of four companies, officers and all. And the War department should not disappoint this territory.

Brigadier General Fred D. Grant is proving himself a good soldier. The signs of the times are, that after his tour of active service in the present war he may be nominated as the Republican candidate for governor of New York. Stranger things have happened.

The war is costing this country at the rate of \$1,000,000 a day. Spain will do well to call, hold, enough, and that the sooner the better. The bill by the United States against the Spanish monarchy is growing and growing and will have to be paid.

The yellow journals are great hands at receiving fake dispatches from the seat of war and a short time thereafter in receiving other dispatches denying the contents of the first batch. The western papers are compelled to take and pay for such fake news. But what cannot be cured, must be endured.

Financial matters in the country are changing for the better. Three New Orleans bankers who spent the funds of the depositors of the financial institutions they were connected with, have arrived at the Ohio penitentiary to do the United States some service.

The steamer Florida recently landed 400 insurgents and a large quantity of rifles and ammunition successfully on the Cuban coast. But the New York fake papers knew nothing about it until after the expedition had been safely landed. Very good reasons for success in this instance.

The correspondents at Mole St. Nicholas, in Kingston and in other West India ports, take any old things for late and important war news, and are sending it right along at great rate and heavy expense. The government should establish a strict censorship at those places and protect the innocent people of this country from these too enterprising newspaper men. Too much of a good thing becomes very tiresome and unpleasant.

Iteration and re-iteration may be wearisome, but in a good cause this paper must iterate and re-iterate. The Republicans of New Mexico should remember that a campaign is approaching and that organization and party cohesion tell in all campaigns, and especially in New Mexico campaigns.

"The 1898 calf crop will be a big one."—The Santa Fe New Mexican. Won't the country take its mind off the war and other things and consider the importance of this proposition for a moment.—New York Evening Sun.

The NEW MEXICAN agrees with its esteemed New York contemporary. The country at large should do as the Sun suggests.

New Mexico is not to furnish any volunteers under the president's second call. This is disappointing to the people of the territory, and Governor Otero is making every effort to have New Mexico claim to furnish a battalion of volunteers recognized by the War department. The order, containing instructions and directions for furnishing the new quota, states, that the following named states and territories received under the president's call for troops an apportionment in excess of their combined quotas under the first and second calls, viz: Wyoming, New Mexico, Arizona, Montana, Idaho, Delaware, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, Vermont, District of Columbia, Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. These, therefore, will not be included in the apportionment of troops under the second call for 75,000 men.

Condition of American Troops.

Since the arrival of the United States troops at Tampa, both regular and volunteer, there has been much criticism of their effectiveness by the American and European military experts who have visited the camps. It is asserted that the men are totally unprepared for a campaign in the tropics by reason of their equipments. The uniforms furnished are not adapted to tropical heat and dampness, transportation facilities for camp supplies are inadequate, and altogether the forces assembled to invade Cuba are in bad shape.

The reason for this condition of affairs is given out to be the public demand for immediate action and the misleading statements of newspapers regarding the actual situation so far as it applies to the army. That may be true in a large measure, but it is to be suspected that there are reasons not known to the people and papers for the alleged deplorable inefficiency of the troops, if what has been said on the subject is true.

In the first place, for the past 30 years the army has been neglected by cheese-paring statesmen, who, while declaring that the soldiers of the United States were as well equipped for actual service as any of the standing forces of European nations, knew they were deceiving their constituents; the masses of the people have been led to believe that in case war did break out it would only be a matter of a few days to arm and send to the front as many men as might be needed. Believing these things to be true the public has from the first urged night and day that prompt steps be taken to end the war. The newspapers have been no more guilty in this particular than the people; they understand the situation in the same way.

But after all there must be some allowances made for the desire on the part of "experts" to find fault with everything they have not had a hand in doing. That the United States troops are not as fully prepared for field work as the regular armies of Europe no one who has any knowledge of matters military will deny, but if the volunteers who are now assembling to enter Cuba are sent on their way and allowed to adapt themselves to conditions as they are found, much of the apparent unfitness for service will disappear. It is the inactivity of camp life that wears out an American and breaks his heart more than the inconveniences he may suffer while engaged in hard work. Appearances are often times deceiving.

The Money Market.

In the Eastern and Middle states the money market has settled back into a condition of great ease, after the advance in interest rates which followed the outbreak of the war. In the commercial centers of the country east of the Missouri river, money is now as easily obtained, and at as cheap rates, as before the banks began to strengthen their cash reserves as a preparation for any emergency which might arise during the war.

The effect of the advance in interest rates was to draw many millions in gold from Europe. The extra expenditures of the government the past two months have put in circulation a good many millions out of the treasury cash reserve, so that there is a large surplus of cash in the banks available for commercial purposes. The easier money conditions in this country have produced much the same effect abroad. Since the United States ceased to draw gold from Europe, reserves have increased rapidly over there, and the Bank of England has, in two weeks, reduced the rate of discount from 4 per cent to 3 per cent. The United States still has a large credit balance abroad, and could undoubtedly, if conditions required, import \$100,000,000 in gold or more, although the imports for the past few months have been something over \$80,000,000.

This satisfactory condition existing in the east must soon reach the west, and the borrower on cattle and kindred securities will be placed in a position where the many enterprises set on foot before the war began will materialize, bringing an abundance of ready money into the Rocky mountain country. As financial matters now stand it is doubtful if an issue of \$200,000,000 in bonds

by the government would have much effect on interest rates. High grade securities are selling at prices that yield less than 3 per cent to the investor, and therefore a 3 per cent government loan would be taken quickly for purely business reasons, independent of a patriotic sentiment to aid the government in the prosecution of the war.

The abundance of money in the banks of this country and the ease with which the banks of Europe have increased their reserves in the face of the large shipments of gold to the United States, leave little room to doubt that the tendency of interest rates will be downward for some time to come, low as they are now. Call money in New York is worth only 1 1/4 to 2 per cent. Eastern rates can probably not go much lower, but there is a large margin for lower rates in the west, and with good crops in the great prairie states selling at remunerative prices this year, there will be more money to loan, with a diminishing demand for it, which can hardly fail to result in sending interest in the west down closer to the eastern rates than has ever been known.

If all conditions continue favorable, and it will require a veritable panic which is not now in sight to bring about any change, New Mexico will come in for her share of the investments which are bound to be made in mines, irrigating enterprises and cattle. The war has had a depressing effect upon these industries for two months past, but the reaction cannot be far off and better times and more activity than was expected even last winter will result.

TERRITORIAL TOPICS

Taos County.

Mr. Ward and son, of La Belle, are visiting in Aguilera, Colo.

The fishing season is on and several parties from La Belle are enjoying the sport on the Costillo.

San Juan County.

T. C. Bryan, of Fruitland, is buying cattle near Gallup.

J. G. Willet has returned to Farmington from a trip to Denver.

Aztec will furnish a fine fruit crop this season despite the frost.

Walter Gaybell, of Manco, fell from a wagon last week and broke his neck.

R. F. Simpson has received a new stock of goods for his Canon Gallegos store.

Colfax County.

A custom stamp mill is wanted at Elizabethtown.

Elizabethtown is to have an amateur dramatic society.

Mrs. E. J. Day has been selected to teach the public school near Gallegos.

A. Graham has gone from Elizabethtown to Manzanola, Colo., on a visit to his family.

Miss Emma Nichols, of Elizabethtown, is preparing to visit relatives in Golden, Colo.

Frank Huntington is the new manager of the C. F. Renshaw & Co. store in Elizabethtown.

Mrs. T. E. Torkelson has applied to the Probate court to be made administratrix of the estate of T. E. Torkelson deceased.

Judge S. E. Booth and Dr. Michaels, who were recently injured in a runaway near Taos, have been removed to their homes in Elizabethtown, much improved in health.

Socorro County.

Dr. Duncan and wife, of Socorro, are visiting in Las Vegas.

Mrs. W. H. Seamon, of Socorro, is visiting friends in Rola, Mo.

Mrs. Bower has returned to Denver from a visit among Socorro friends.

Fred Tyler, a healthseeker from Butler, Mo., died in Magdalena last week.

Mrs. H. M. Dougherty and daughter have returned to Socorro from an extended trip to Kansas City.

Miss Ethel Radcliffe, who has been attending school in El Paso, returned to her Socorro home last week.

Rev. S. R. McLaughlin, of Rock Valley, Ia., is the new pastor of the Presbyterian church in Socorro.

Eddy County.

Mattie Cornett and James Brown were married in Eddy last week.

Mabel Shrove and Adrian Briggs were married in Eddy tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Jones, of Dark Canon, have a new boy at their home.

Eddy will have a new bank. H. J. Hammond will conduct the institution.

The normal institute for Eddy county will open June 15 under the direction of Prof. Bigger.

The Penasco Cattle company received the last of their cattle purchases in El Paso Saturday.

R. H. Pierce has been granted a verdict of \$50 in his suit against H. L. Potter, one of the bondsmen of J. P. Brown, ex-treasurer of Eddy county.

Sheriff Stewart, of Eddy, last week captured L. E. Pratt who shot and killed Deputy Bud Johnson at Hope, Neel, was also arrested. After killing Johnson, Pratt was besieged in his house, and during the shooting which followed young Neel was wounded.

John Fort, who was with Pratt at the time of the killing, was captured above Weed. The trouble occurred over water rights.

Sierra County.

Mrs. Mattie Beardsley, of Hillsboro, is seriously ill with cancer.

Mr. and Mrs. Drummond have moved from South Porcha to Kingston.

John P. Hopper, Esq., of Hillsboro, has received news of his sister's death in Boston, Mass.

Mr. Otto E. Gentz, administrator, is settling up the affairs of the late Otto E. Gentz, of Hillsboro.

W. E. Taylor, of Hillsboro, left for Seattle, Wash., last week, for the purpose of joining the Sierra county Klondike expedition.

Adolph Reading was discharged at his preliminary hearing in Hillsboro last week on the ground that he acted in self defense in killing Otto E. Gentz.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. L. O'Kelly have returned to Hillsboro from San Francisco, Calif., where Mrs. O'Kelly was successfully treated for cancer of the breast.

Donna Ana County.

El Paso will send 800 excursionists to La Luz, July 4.

Mrs. L. A. Morris has established a new restaurant in La Luz.

D. H. Lane and wife of Ysleta, Tex., are visiting La Luz relatives.

Lots of rain in the Sacramento mountains and good crops are certain.

Perry N. Stewart and Joe Salisbury have moved to La Luz from White Oaks.

The El Paso & Northeastern railway track is now within five miles of Alamogordo.

E. P. Fouts, of Mineral Wells, is looking up a location in the vicinity of La Luz.

Ripe peaches and early apples will be eaten by La Luz and Tularosa people next week.

W. A. Harkness and family, of Las Vegas, have found a new home in South Canon.

Irad Cochran, Sr., of East Las Vegas, has taken up a homestead in the Sacramento mountains.

Orchard trees along the Ruidosa are laden with fruit and the spring strawberry crop is ripe.

Engineer H. A. Sumner, of the El Paso & Northeastern railway, has made his home in La Luz.

C. A. Arthur, of Upper Penasco, reports crops in that region looking well and cattle getting fat.

Deputy Sheriff John Meadows has made La Luz his headquarters and provided for a jail building there.

Fresnal people have enlarged their school building. The Baptist church goes will also erect a new edifice there.

The Alamogordo Lumber company is erecting a boarding house in Alamogordo which will accommodate 50 of their employees.

W. S. Shepherd, of Tularosa, will engage in the real estate business and will establish offices in La Luz, Tularosa and Alamogordo.

The site contract for the El Paso & Northeastern railway, in the Sacramento mountains, has been let to S. N. Morris, of Colorado.

Misses Brehaut, Luttrell, Brodie and Smith, of Mesalero, are preparing for an extended summer trip. They will visit the exposition at Omaha then go to Chicago, Canada, Boston, New York and Washington.

Albuquerque.

Miss Ida Lockhart is home from El Paso, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. T. S. Austin.

The engagement of Henry Metzgar, son of Captain W. H. Metzgar, to Miss Marie Chavez, daughter of the late Mariano Chavez, is announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mansard have gone to Omaha to visit the Transmississippi exposition, and will go from there to the Atlantic coast, remaining some time.

Captain Howe, manager of the Wash Cattle company at Navajo Springs, spent Sunday in this city. He states that the ranges surrounding the springs are in fine condition.

Sheriff Hubbell, on yesterday morning at the court house door, sold the Ignacio Silva property of 80 acres to satisfy a claim held by Eusebio Gatta amounting to \$1,000. Judge L. S. Trimble bought the land for \$400.

W. T. Powers, route agent for the Wells, Fargo Express company, of this city, has returned from the south where he has been actively engaged in looking up clues which promise to result in the arrest of the Belen train robbers.

Johnson & Finical, attorneys for the plaintiffs in the case, have filed injunction proceedings against the Cochiti Gold Mining company, to restrain the taking of water from the Peralta canon to be used in the mill now under construction in Colla canon. This is practically the same suit that was dismissed by Judge McElie last Tuesday by the complainants on account of not being able to present and a continuance being impossible.

Hon. T. A. Finical is in receipt of a letter from C. F. Grayson, the Silver City banker who has been in Washington and New York for some time past, stating that there is no hope of the passage of the bill introduced in congress by Eugene Ferguson providing for the funding of the indebtedness of the city of Albuquerque. The only way the funding can be accomplished is by the passage of a funding bill for the funding of all the indebtedness of the several territories.

Sunday morning a fire was discovered in a room in the Cromwell block, which caused considerable excitement for a short time. The fire department extinguished the blaze in a very few moments. The loss on the building will amount to less than \$100, fully covered by insurance, but the grocery stock of James T. Bell & Co., on the first floor of the building suffered considerably from the water used. It is thought the fire originated from the carelessness of some boys who were in the room, which was used as a storage room for rubbish. A short time after this fire was extinguished a defective fuse in the residence of T. Y. Maynard caused a second alarm of fire, but the blaze was put out by the use of a garden hose before the firemen reached the premises. The loss on the Maynard property is insignificant.

Mrs. Ozariz Garcia de Carabajal was killed Sunday evening by a trap gun, on the property belonging to Joseph Metzinger on the Mountain road. Mrs. Carabajal, accompanied by her husband, was caught in a rain storm and went to a little shed on the Metzinger property for shelter. The unfortunate woman sat down on the door sill, leaned against the door and discharged the rifle which was inside. The bullet entered the back just below the heart, death resulting about noon yesterday. Metzinger, who is the proprietor of a bakery, was arrested and at once admitted that he arranged the trap for the purpose of catching the person who made a practice of visiting the shed and stealing tools and other personal property. The preliminary hearing in the case will take place before Justice Duran tomorrow morning.

Lost flesh lately?
Does your brain tire?
Losing control over your nerves?
Are your muscles becoming exhausted?
You certainly know the remedy. It is nothing new; just the same remedy that has been curing these cases of thinness and paleness for twenty-five years. Scott's Emulsion. The cod-liver oil in it is the food that makes the flesh, and the hypophosphites give tone to the nerves.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

F. S. DAVIS, W. M.
J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

JAMES B. BRADY, H. P.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

MAX. PROST, E. C.

ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows' hall.

H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriots welcome.

THEODORE A. GOODWIN, C. P.
A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome.

THEODORE A. GOODWIN, Noble Grand.
HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTECA LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome.

NATE GOLDSPRINGER, N. G.
A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F.

SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome.

ROBERT H. BOWLER, Chancellor.
LEW. MUEHLER, E. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTS.

D. W. MANLEY, Dentist. Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office in Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNABE, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Cannon Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General). Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 17, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. REENHAN, Attorney at Law. Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims, Collections and title searching. Rooms 2 and 3 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE.

S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent. Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both fire and accident insurance.

The New Mexico Railway & Coal Co.

CONSTRUCTING

The El Paso & Northeastern R'y

AND

The El Paso & Northeastern R. R.

To accommodate the public we carry freight and passengers on its construction trains to and from the end of its track.

Commencing May 16, trains will leave El Paso at 7:30 a. m., and returning will leave end of track at 2:30 p. m., making close connection with stages to and from Alamogordo, La Luz and Tularosa daily.

Passengers can now make the through trip to or from La Luz the same day.

A. S. GREIG, General Superintendent.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1898, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGERMAN, President.
H. O. PAULSEN, Vice-President.

Sec. and \$1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

-The Palace Hotel- WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

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American and European Plans.

15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and upward. First Class Restaurant a la Carte.
American Plan, \$2.00 per day and upward. Transient and Permanent Guests.

L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

The DAILY NEW MEXICAN will be found on file at the Hotel Wellington.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President.

J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

OJO CALIENTE (HOT SPRINGS.)

THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barrancas Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 125°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 168.24 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures attested to in the following diseases:—Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilitic and Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc., etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:35 a. m., and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, 57¢. For further particulars address—

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop.,
Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

194 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; \$4.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 15th.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Southwest Is the Rich Valley of the Rio Pecos.

IN THE COUNTIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGERMAN, President.
H. O. PAULSEN, Vice-President.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate.
WATER makes the plant grow.
SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.
THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has is not on hand in abundance is FERTILITY. We need thirty thousand 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.
NO FAVORABLE terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.
WRITE for particulars.